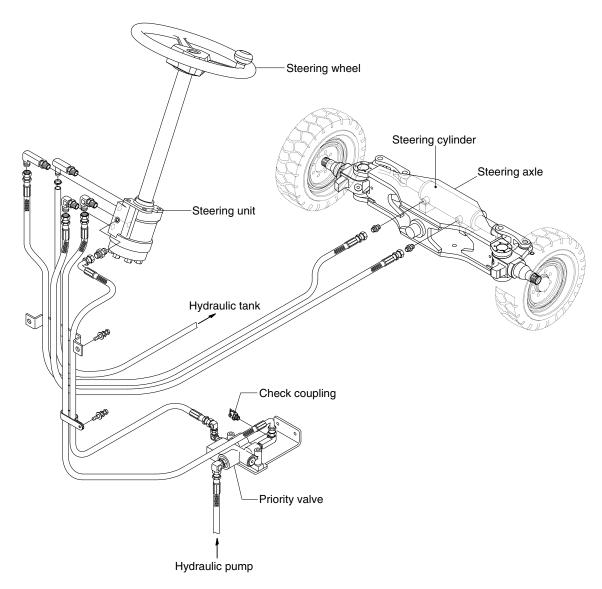
SECTION 5 STEERING SYSTEM

Group	1	Structure and function	5-1
Group	2	Operational checks and troubleshooting	5-10
Group	3	Disassembly and assembly	5-13

SECTION 5 STEERING SYSTEM

GROUP 1 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

1. OUTLINE

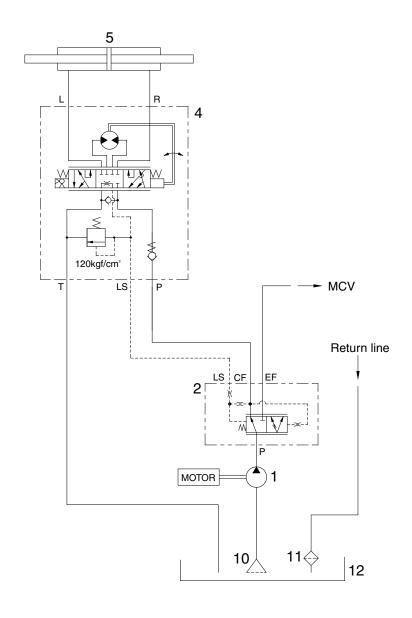


40B9SS0

The steering system for this machine is composed of steering wheel assembly, steering unit, steering cylinder, steering axle and pipings. The steering force given to the steering wheel enters the steering unit through the steering column. The required oil flow is sensed by the function of the control section of the unit, and pressurized oil delivered from the hydraulic pump is fed to the steering cylinder. The force produced by the steering cylinder moves the knuckle of steering tires through the intermediate link.

The axle body is unit structure having steering knuckles installed to its both ends by means of king pins. Hub and wheel are mounted through bearing to spindle of knuckle.

2. HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT

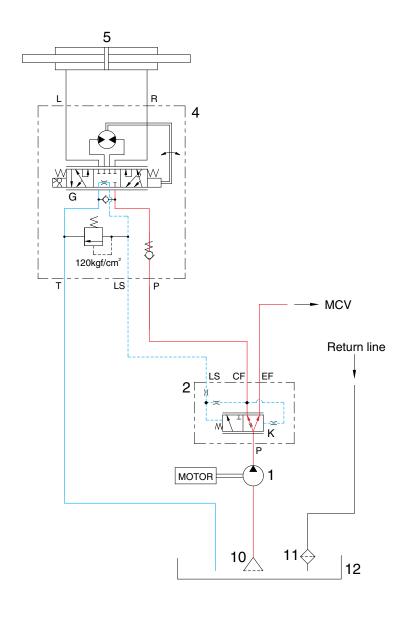


35B7SS02

- 1 Hydraulic gear pump
- 2 Priority valve
- 4 Steering unit
- 5 Steering cylinder

- 10 Suction strainer
- 11 Return filter
- 12 Hydraulic oil tank

1) NEUTRAL

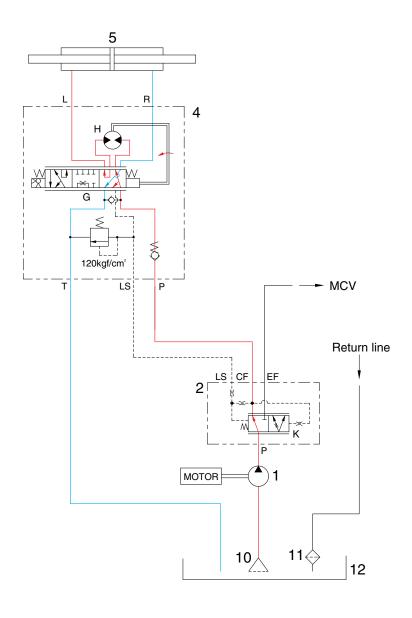


35B7SS03

The steering wheel is not being operated so control spool (G) does not move.

The oil from hydraulic tank (12) enters to hydraulic gear pump (1) and pressurized so that the oil flows into the inlet port (P) of steering unit (4) and the spool (K) moves to the left. Most of pump oil flows to MCV through the EF port and partially flows into the hydraulic tank (12) through the spool (K).

2) LEFT TURN



35B7SS04

When the steering wheel is turned to the left, the spool (G) within the steering unit (4) connected with steering column turns in left hand direction.

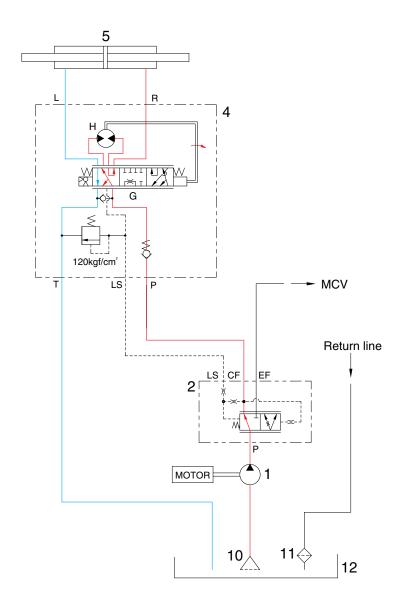
As this time, the oil discharged from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into the spool (G) of the steering unit (4) through the inlet port (P) and flows to gerotor (H).

Oil flow from the gerotor flows back into the spool (G) where it is directed out to the left work port (L).

Oil returned from cylinder (5) returns to hydraulic tank (12).

When the above operation is completed, the machine turns to the left.

3) RIGHT TURN



35B7SS05

When the steering wheel is turned to the right, the spool (G) within the steering unit (4) connected with steering column turn in right hand direction.

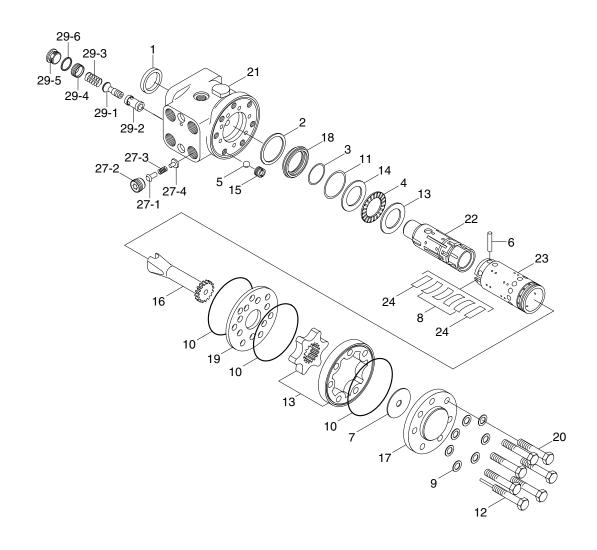
As this time, the oil discharged from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into the spool (G) of the steering unit (4) through the inlet port (P) and flows to gerotor (H).

Oil flow from the gerotor flows back into the spool (G) where it is directed out to the right work port (R). Oil returned from cylinder (5) returns to hydraulic tank (12).

When the above operation is completed, the machine turns to the right.

3. STEERING UNIT

1) STRUCTURE



35B7SS08

1	Dust seal	13	Gerotor set	27	P-port check valve
2	Retaining seal	14	Bearing race	27-1	Plug
3	Cap seal	15	Bore screw	27-2	Poppet
4	Thrust bearing	16	Drive	27-3	Spring seat
5	Ball	17	End cap	27-4	Spring
6	Pin	18	Gland bushing	29	Relief valve
7	Spacer	19	Plate	29-1	Spool
8	Centering spring	20	Cap screw	29-2	Bushing
9	Washer	21	Housing	29-3	Spring
10	O-ring	22	Spool	29-4	Spring seat
11	O-ring	23	Sleeve	29-5	Plug
12	Rolled screw	24	Plate spring	29-6	O-ring

2) OPERATION

The steering unit is composed of the control valve (rotary valve) and the metering device. The control valve controls the flow of oil from the pump in the interior of the unit depending on the condition of the steering wheel. The metering device is a kind of hydraulic motor composed of a stator and a rotor. It meters the required oil volume, feeds the metered oil to the power cylinder and detects cylinder's motion value, that is, cylinder's motion rate.

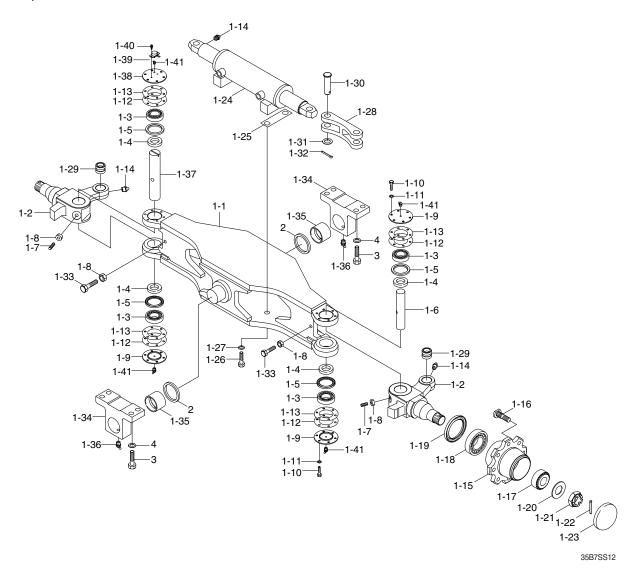
When the steering wheel is turned, the spool turns, the oil path is switched and the oil is fed into the metering device. As a result, the rotor is caused to run by oil pressure, and the sleeve is caused to run through the drive shaft and cross pin. Therefore, when the spool is turned, the spool turns by the same value in such a manner that it follows the motion of the spool. Steering motion can be accomplished when this operation is performed in a continuous state.

▲ If the hoses of the steering system are incorrectly connected, the steering wheel can turn very rapidly when the key switch is ON. Keep clear of the steering wheel when the key switch is ON.

The centering spring for the spool and sleeve is provided to cause the valve to return to the neutral position. It is therefore possible to obtain a constant steering feeling, which is transmitted to the hands of the driver. Return to the center position occurs when the steering wheel is released.

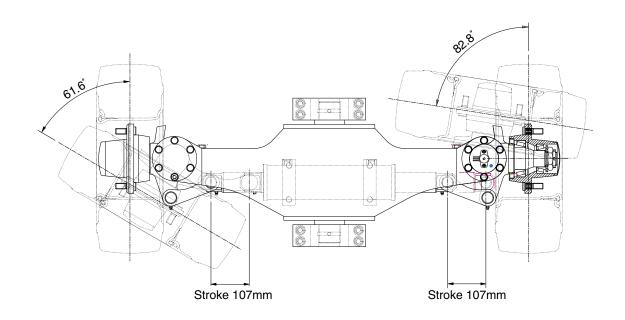
4. STEERING AXLE

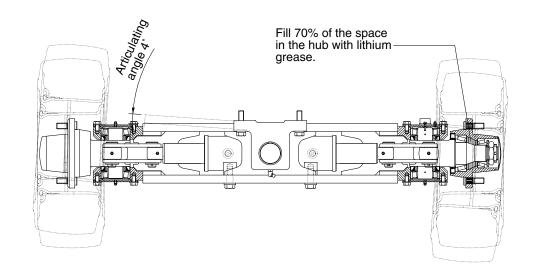
1) STRUCTURE



1-1	Steering axle wa	1-16	Wheel bolt	1-31	Special washer
1-2	Knuckle	1-17	Taper roller bearing	1-32	Split pin
1-3	Taper roller bearing	1-18	Taper roller bearing	1-33	Hexagon bolt
1-4	Spacer	1-19	Oil seal	1-34	Support
1-5	Oil seal	1-20	Plain washer	1-35	Bushing
1-6	King pin-LH	1-21	Slotted nut	1-36	Grease nipple
1-7	Set screw	1-22	Split pin	1-37	King pin-RH
1-8	Hexagon nut	1-23	Hub cap	1-38	Cover-RH
1-9	Cover	1-24	Steering cylinder	1-39	Potentiometer assy
1-10	Hexagon bolt	1-25	Shim (0.2t)	1-40	Screw
1-11	Hardened washer	1-26	Hexagon bolt	1-41	Grease nipple
1-12	Shim (0.1t)	1-27	Hardened washer	2	Shim (0.5t)
1-13	Shim (0.5t)	1-28	Steering link	3	Hexagon bolt
1-14	Grease nipple	1-29	Bushing	4	Hardened washer
1-15	Hub	1-30	Link pin		

2) TIGHTENING TORQUE AND SPECIFICATION





35B7SS07

Ту	/pe	Unit	Center pin support single shaft		
Max steering angle of whe	eels (Inside/Outside)	degree	82.8/61.6		
Trood (Front/Door)	40/45B-9		1141 (44.9)/1090 (42.9)		
Tread (Front/Rear)	50B-9	mm (in)	1114 (43.9)/1090 (42.9)		

GROUP 2 OPERATIONAL CHECKS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

1. OPERATIONAL CHECKS

Check item	Checking procedure
Steering wheel 30-60mm (1.2-2.4 in)	 Set rear wheels facing straight forward, then turn steering wheel to left and right. Measure range of steering wheel movement before rear wheel starts to move. Range should be 30~60 mm at rim of steering wheel. If play is too large, adjust at gear box. Test steering wheel play with forklift stopped.
Knuckle	Check knuckle visually or use crack detection method. If the knuckle is bent, the tire wear is uneven, so check tire wear.
Steering axle	 Ask assistant to drive machine at minimum turning radius. Fit bar and a piece of chalk at outside edge of counterweight to mark line of turning radius. Min turning radius (Outside): Refer to page 1-5 (Specifications)
Hydraulic pressure of power	Remove cap from check port of priority valve and install oil pressure gauge.
steering	Turn steering wheel fully and check oil pressure.
	* Oil pressure: 120 kgf/cm² (1710 psi)

2. TROUBLESHOOTING

1) STEERING SYSTEM

Problem	Cause	Remedy		
Steering wheel drags.	· Low oil pressure.	· Check lockout. Repair.		
	· Bearing faulty.	· Clean or replace.		
	· Spring spool faulty.	· Clean or replace.		
	· Reaction plunger faulty.	· Replace.		
	· Ball-and-screw assembly faulty.	· Clean or replace.		
	Sector shaft adjusting screw excessively tight.	· Adjust.		
	· Gears poorly meshing.	· Check and correct meshing.		
	 Flow divider coil spring fatigued. 	· Replace.		
Steering wheel fails to return	Bearing faulty.	· Clean or replace.		
smoothly.	· Reaction plunger faulty.	· Replace.		
	· Ball-and-screw assy faulty	· Clean or replace.		
	· Gears poorly meshing.	· Check and correct meshing.		

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Steering wheel turns unstea-	· Lockout loosening.	· Retighten.
dily.	Metal spring deteriorated.	· Replace.
Steering system makes abn-	· Gear backlash out of adjustment.	· Adjust.
ormal sound or vibration.	· Lockout loosening.	· Retighten.
	· Air in oil circuit.	· Bleed air.
Abnormal sound heard when	Valve	
steering wheel is turned fully	· Faulty. (Valve fails to open.)	· Adjust valve set pressure and check
	Piping	for specified oil pressure.
	Pipe (from pump to power steering	· Repair or replace.
	cylinder) dented or clogged.	Tiopan of Topiaco.
Piping makes abnormal	Oil pump	
sounds.	· Lack of oil.	· Add oil.
	Oil inlet pipe sucks air.	· Repair.
	· Insufficient air bleeding.	Bleed air completely.
Valve or valve unit makes	Oil pump	, ,
abnormal sounds.	Oil inlet pipe sucks air.	· Repair or replace.
	Valve	
	· Faulty. (Unbalance oil pressure)	· Adjust valve set pressure and check
	Piping	specified oil pressure.
	Pipe (from pump to power steering)	· Repair or replace.
	dented or clogged.	Tropan of replace.
	· Insufficient air bleeding.	· Bleed air completely.
Insufficient or variable oil flow.	Flow control valve orifice clogged.	· Clean
Insufficient or variable dischar-	Piping	
ge pressure.	Pipe (from tank to pipe) dented or clogged.	· Repair or replace.
Steering cylinder head	Packing foreign material.	· Replace
leakage (Piston rod)	Piston rod damage.	Grind surface with oil stone.
loanago (r lotori roa)	Rod seal damage and distortion.	Replace
	· Chrome gilding damage.	· Grind
Steering cylinder head thread	· O-ring damage.	· Replace
(A little bit leak is no problem)	3	,,
Welding leakage	· Cylinder tube damage.	· Tube replace.
Rod	Tube inside damage.	· Grind surface with oil store.
	Piston seal damage and distortion	· Replace
Piston rod bushing inner	· Bushing wear.	Replace
diameter excessive gap		

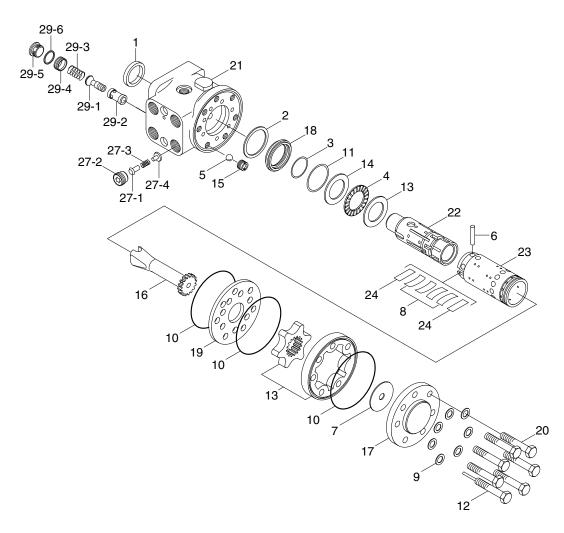
2) POWER STEERING UNIT

Problem	Cause	Remedy	
Oil leakage	· Fittings loose, worn, or damaged.	 Check and replace the damaged parts. 	
	· Deteriorated seals by excessive heat.	· Replace the seals.	
	· Loose screw or its deteriorated	· Replace the sealing and tighten	
	sealing.	screw appropriately.	
	· Internal seals worn or damaged.	· Replace it.	
	· Damaged seal grooves.	· Replace the unit or related parts.	
	· Housing crack.	· Replace the unit.	
Noise or vibration	· Air inclusion in the system.	· Bleed the air.	
	 Valve timing error when the unit is assembled. 	Correct the timing.	
	· Hydraulic pipe noise interference.	· Consult the component manufacturer.	
	· Control valve damage or clogging.	· Replace the valve.	
Heavy steering operation	· Lack of sufficient oil supply.	· Check the pump and the line.	
	· Excessive heat.	$\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Locate the heat source and correct it.	
	· Broken pump.	· Replace it.	
	· Leakage in the line or connections.	· Replace it.	
	· Clogged orifice.	• Disassemble, clean, and reassemble it.	
	· High back pressure.	· Adjust the pressure.	
Irregular or no response	· Broken pump.	· Replace it.	
	· Excessive heat.	· Locate the heat source and remove it.	
	· Broken centering spring.	· Replace it.	
	· Misalignment with column.	· Disassemble and adjust it.	
	· Incorrect piping to the four port.	· Correct it.	
	· Parts missing.	· Install the parts correctly.	
	· High back pressure.	· Adjust the pressure.	
	· Corrosion on the moving parts.	· Replace it.	

GROUP 3 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1. STEERING UNIT

1) STRUCTURE

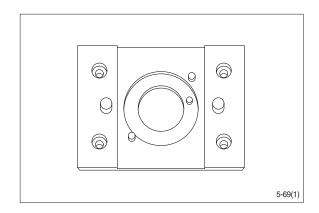


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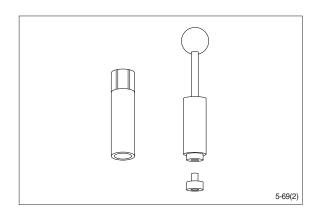
1	Dust seal	13	Gerotor set	27	P-port check valve
2	Retaining seal	14	Bearing race	27-1	Plug
3	Cap seal	15	Bore screw	27-2	Poppet
4	Thrust bearing	16	Drive	27-3	Spring seat
5	Ball	17	End cap	27-4	Spring
6	Pin	18	Gland bushing	29	Relief valve
7	Spacer	19	Plate	29-1	Spool
8	Centering spring	20	Cap screw	29-2	Bushing
9	Washer	21	Housing	29-3	Spring
10	O-ring	22	Spool	29-4	Spring seat
11	O-ring	23	Sleeve	29-5	Plug
12	Rolled screw	24	Plate spring	29-6	O-ring

2) TOOLS

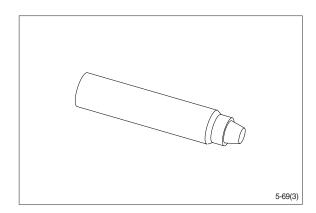
(1) Holding tool.



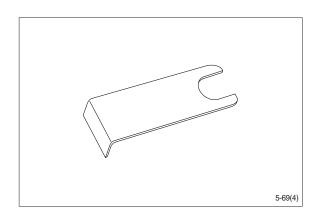
(2) Assembly tool for O-ring and kin-ring.



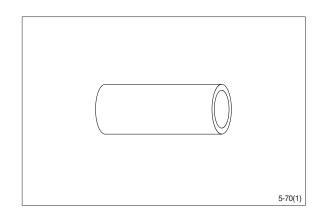
(3) Assembly tool for lip seal.



(4) Assembly tool for cardan shaft.



(5) Assembly tool for dust seal.



(6) Torque wrench $0 \sim 7.1 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ $(0 \sim 54.4 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$

13 mm socket spanner

6,8 mm and 12 mm hexagon sockets

12 mm screwdriver

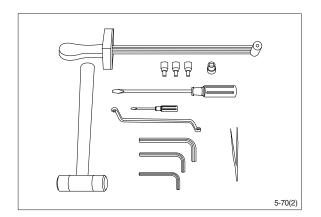
2 mm screwdriver

13 mm ring spanner

6, 8 and 12 mm hexagon socket spanners

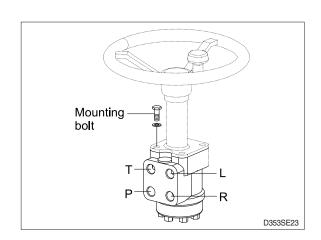
Plastic hammer

Tweezers



3) TIGHTENING TORQUE

L : Left port
R : Right port
T : Tank
P : Pump

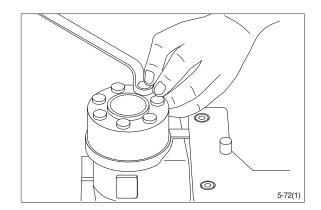


Port	Size	Torque [kgf \cdot m (lbf \cdot ft)]		
L	3/4-16 UNF	6.1±0.6 (44.1±4.3)		
R	3/4-16 UNF	$6.1 \pm 0.6 \; (44.1 \pm 4.3)$		
Т	3/4-16 UNF	$6.1 \pm 0.6 \; (44.1 \pm 4.3)$		
Р	3/4-16 UNF	6.1±0.6 (44.1±4.3)		
Mounting bolt	M10×1.5	4.0±0.5 (29±3.6)		

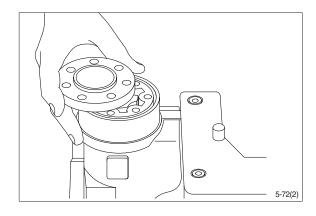
4) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Disassemble steering column from steering unit and place the steering unit in the holding tool.

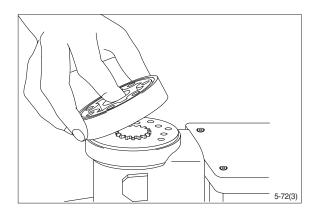
Screw out the screws in the end cover(6-off plus one special screw).



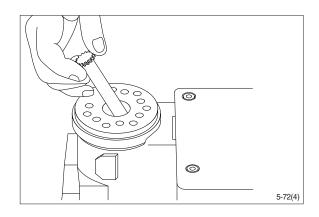
(2) Remove the end cover, sideways.



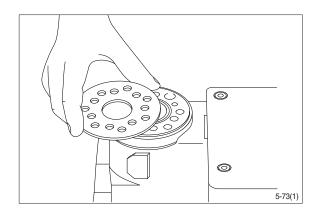
(3) Lift the gearwheel set(With spacer if fitted) off the unit. Take out the two O-rings.



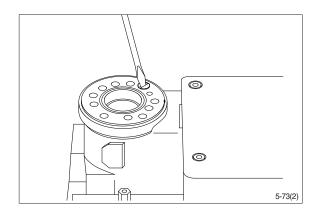
(4) Remove cardan shaft.



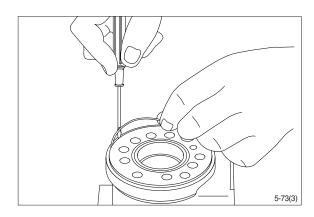
(5) Remove distributor plate.



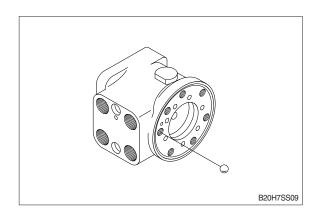
(6) Screw out the threaded bush over the check valve.



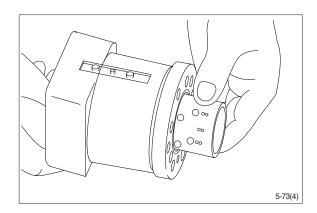
(7) Remove O-ring.



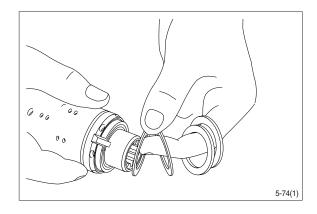
(8) Shake out the check valve ball.



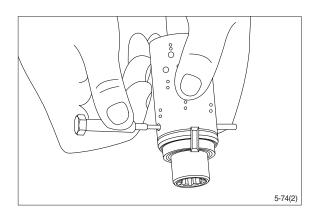
(9) Take care to keep the cross pin in the sleeve and spool horizontal. The pin can be seen through the open end of the spool. Press the spool inwards and the sleeve, ring, bearing races and thrust bearing will be pushed out of the housing together.



(10) Take ring, bearing races and thrust bearing from sleeve and spool. The outer (Thin) bearing race can sometimes "stick" in the housing, therefore check that it has come out.

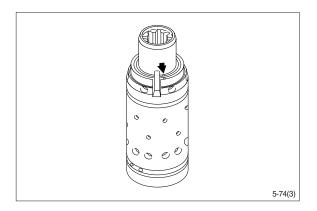


(11) Press out the cross pin. Use the special screw from the end cover.

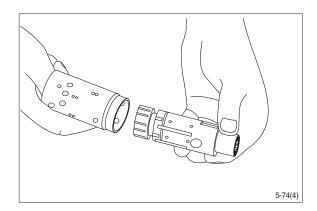


** A small mark has been made with a pumice stone on both spool and sleeve close to one of the slots for the neutral position springs (See drawing).

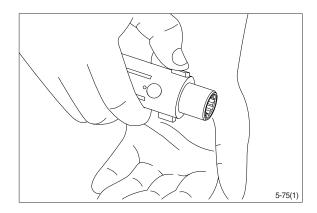
If the mark is not visible, remember to leave a mark of your own on sleeve and spool before the neutral position springs are disassembled.



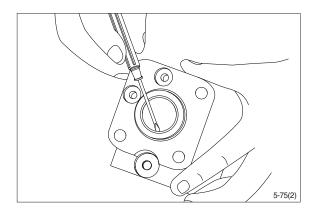
(12) Carefully press the spool out of the sleeve.



(13) Press the neutral position springs out of their slots in the spool.



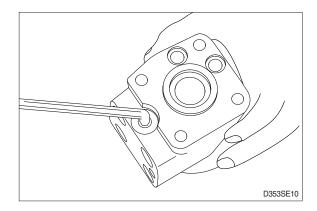
(14) Remove dust seal and O-ring.



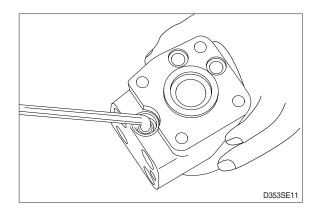
Disassembling the pressure relief valve

(15) Screw out the plug using an 8mm hexagon socket spanner.

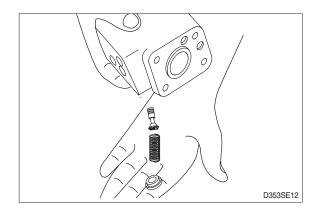
Remove seal washers.



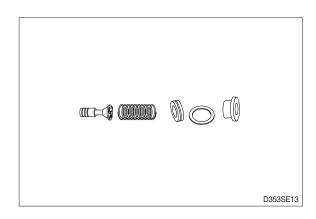
(16) Unscrew the setting screw using an 8mm hexagon socket spanner.



(17) Shake out spring and piston. The valve seat is bonded into the housing and cannot be removed.

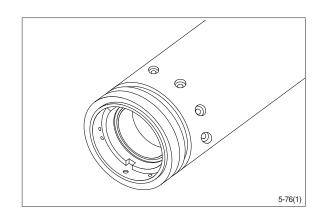


(18) The pressure relief valve is now disassem-bled.



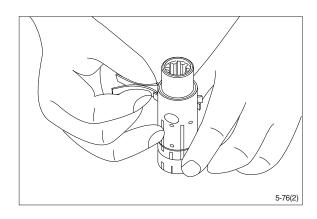
5) ASSEMBLY

- (1) Assemble spool and sleeve.
- When assembling spool and sleeve only one of two possible ways of positioning the spring slots is correct. There are three slots in the spool and three holes in the sleeve in the end of the spool / sleeve opposite to the end with spring slots. Place the slots and holes opposite each other so that parts of the holes in the sleeve are visible through the slots in the spool.

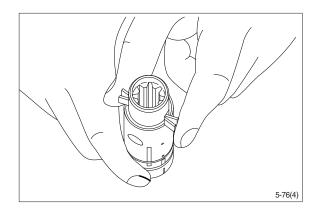


(2) Place the two flat neutral position springs in the slot.

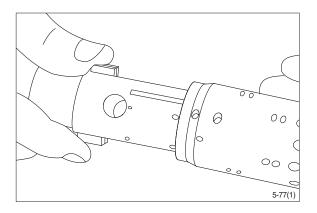
Place the curved springs between the flat ones and press them into place (see assembly pattern).



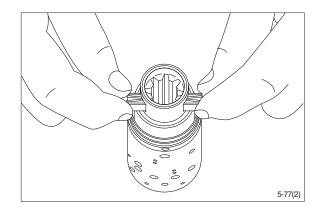
(3) Line up the spring set.



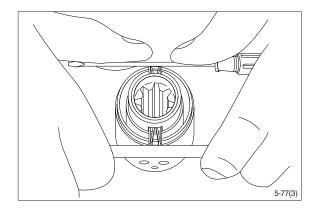
(4) Guide the spool into the sleeve. Make sure that spool and sleeve are placed correctly in relation to each other.



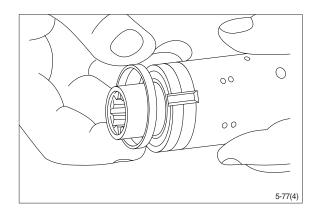
(5) Press the springs together and push the neutral position springs into place in the sleeve.



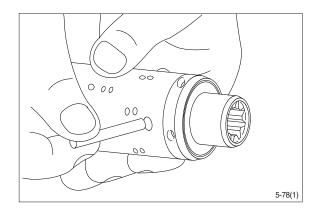
(6) Line up the springs and center them.



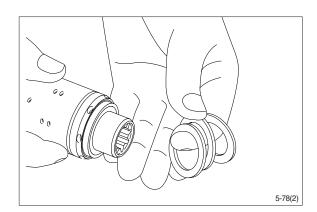
- (7) Guide the ring down over the sleeve.
- * The ring should be able to rotate free of the springs.



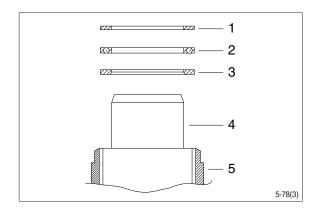
(8) Fit the cross pin into the spool / sleeve.



(9) Fit bearing races and needle bearing as shown on below drawing.

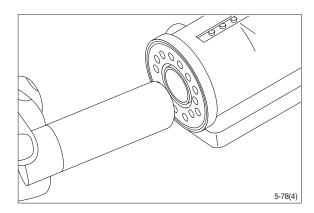


- * Assembly pattern for standard bearings
 - 1 Outer bearing race
 - 2 Thrust bearing
 - 3 Inner bearing race
 - 4 Spool
 - 5 Sleeve

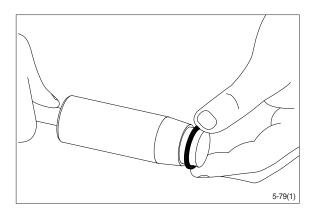


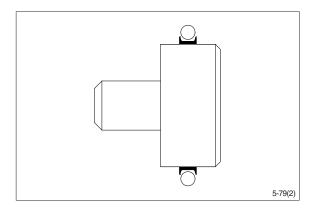
Installation instruction for O-ring

(10) Turn the steering unit until the bore is horizontal. Guide the outer part of the assembly tool into the bore for the spool / sleeve.

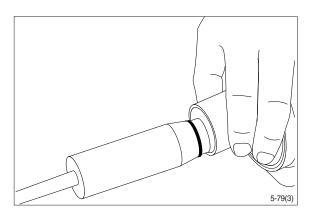


(11) Grease O-ring with hydraulic oil and place them on the tool.

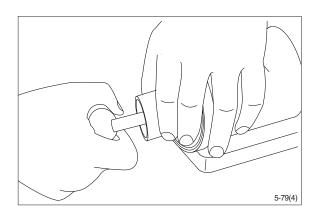




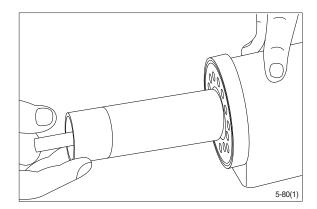
(12) Hold the outer part of the assembly tool in the bottom of the steering unit housing and guide the inner part of the tool right to the bottom.



(13) Press and turn the O-ring into position in the housing.

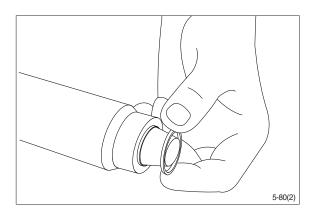


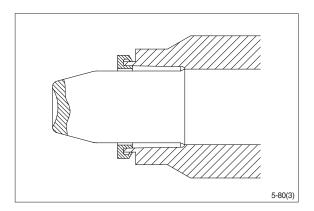
(14) Draw the inner and outer parts of the assembly tool out of the steering unit bore, leaving the guide from the inner part in the bore.



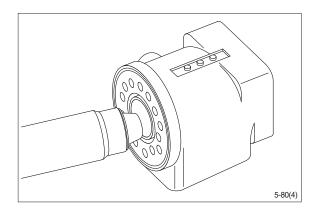
Installation instructions for lip seal

(15) Lubricate the lip seal with hydraulic oil and place it on the assembly tool.

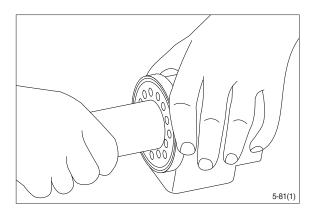




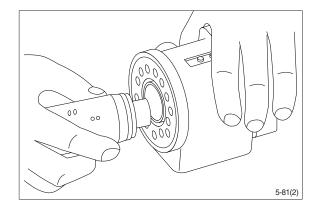
(16) Guide the assembly tool right to the bottom.



(17) Press and turn the lip seal into place in the housing.

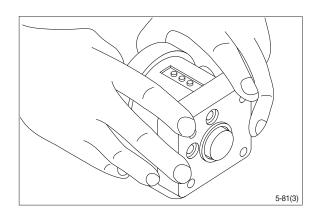


- (18) With a light turning movement, guide the spool and sleeve into the bore.
- * Fit the spool set holding the cross pin horizontal.

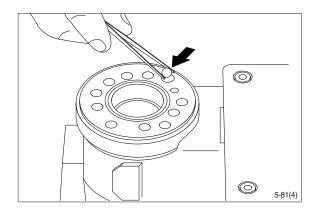


(19) The spool set will push out the assembly tool guide.

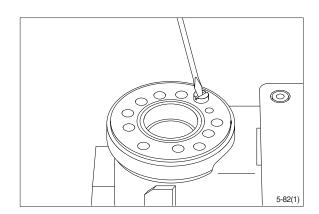
The O-ring are now in position.



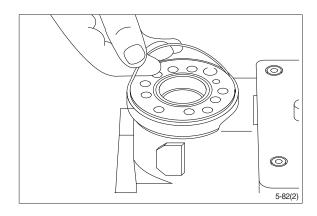
(20) Turn the steering unit until the bore is vertical again. Put the check valve ball into the hole indicated by the arrow.



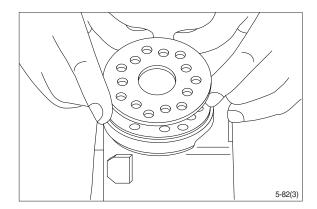
(21) Screw the threaded bush lightly into the check valve bore. The top of the bush must lie just below the surface of the housing.



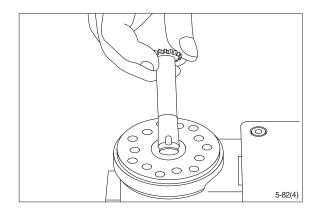
(22) Grease the O-ring with mineral oil approx. viscosity 500 cSt at 20°C.



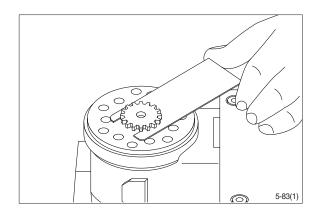
(23) Place the distributor plate so that the channel holes match the holes in the housing.



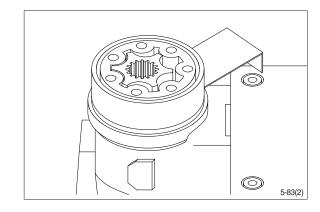
(24) Guide the cardan shaft down into the bore so that the slot is parallel with the connection flange.



(25) Place the cardan shaft as shown - so that it is held in position by the mounting fork.



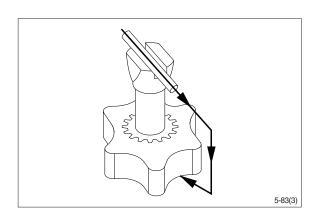
(26) Grease the two O-rings with mineral oil approx. viscosity 500 cSt at 20°C and place them in the two grooves in the gear rim. Fit the gearwheel and rim on the cardan shaft.



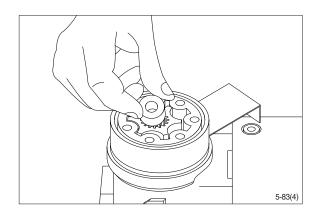
(27) Important

Fit the gearwheel (Rotor) and cardan shaft so that a tooth base in the rotor is positioned in relation to the shaft slot as shown.

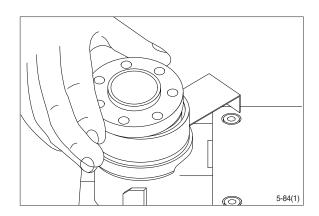
Turn the gear rim so that the seven through holes match the holes in the housing.



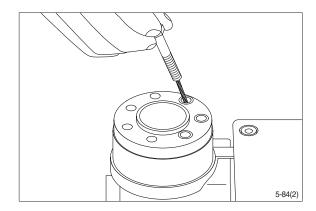
(28) Fit the spacer, if any.



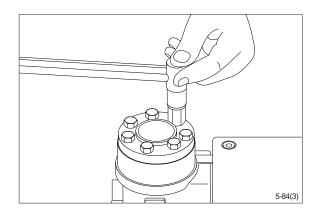
(29) Place the end cover in position.



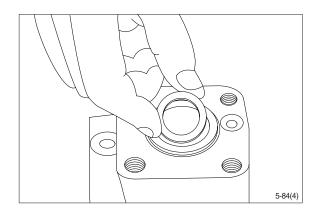
(30) Fit the special screw with washer and place it in the hole shown.



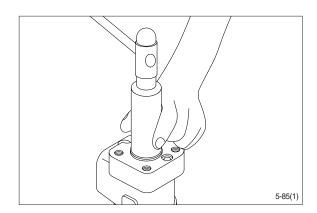
- (31) Fit the six screws with washers and insert them. Cross-tighten all the screws and the rolled pin.
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 4.0 \pm 0.5 kgf \cdot m (28.9 \pm 3.6 lbf \cdot ft)



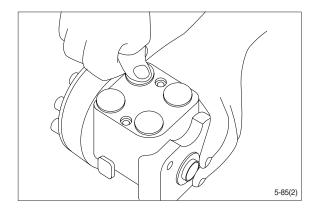
(32) Place the dust seal ring in the housing.



(33) Fit the dust seal ring in the housing.

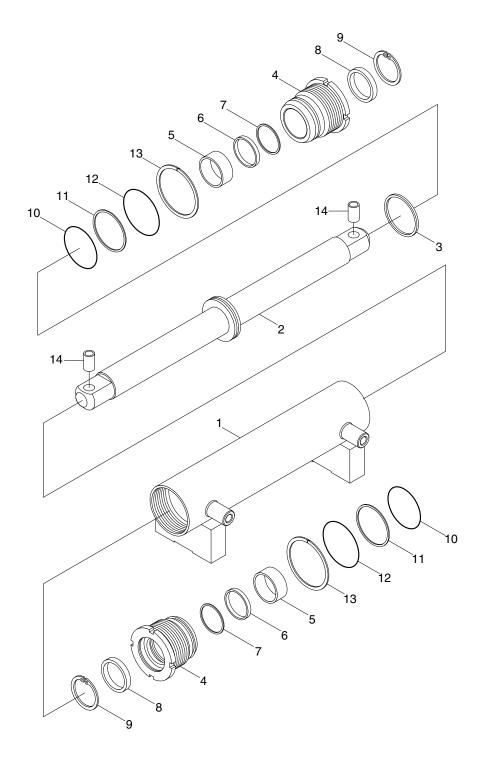


- (34) Press the plastic plugs into the connection ports.
- * Do not use a hammer!



2. STEERING CYLINDER

1) STRUCTURE



35B7SS14

- 1 Tube assembly
- 2 Rod assembly
- 3 Piston seal
- 4 Gland
- 5 Du bushing

- 6 Rod seal
- 7 Back up ring
- 8 Dust wiper
- 9 Snap ring
- 10 O-ring

- 11 Back up ring
- 12 O-ring
- 13 Lock washer
- 14 Pin bushing

2) DISASSEMBLY

- * Before disassembling steering cylinder, release oil in the cylinder first.
- (1) Put wooden blocks against the cylinder tube, then hold in a vice.
- (2) Remove the gland by hook a wrench in the notch of cylinder head and turn counter-clockwise.
- (3) Remove the cylinder rod and piston from the tube.
- (4) Check wear condition of the sealing parts. If there are some damage, replace with new parts.

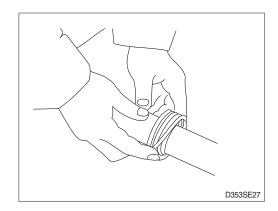
3) CHECK AND INSPECTION

mm (in)

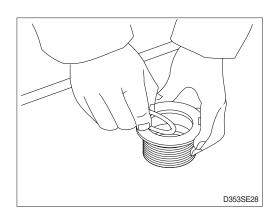
	Crite	Criteria				
Check item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy			
Clearance between piston & cylinder tube	0.064~0.137 (0.0025~0.0054)	0.180 (0.0070)	Replace piston seal			
Clearance between cylinder rod & bushing	0.024~0.112 (0.0009~0.0044)	0.120 (0.0049)	Replace bushing			
Seals, O-ring	Dama	Replace				
Cylinder rod	Den	Dents				
Cylinder tube	Bitin	Biting				

4) ASSEMBLY

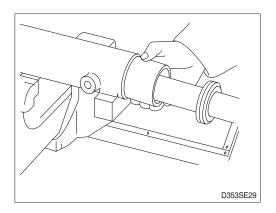
- (1) Install a new piston seal the groove on the piston.
- * Be careful not to scratch the seal too much during installation or it will not seat properly.



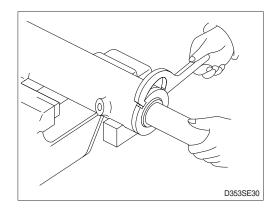
(2) Install the rod seal to the position in the gland applying a slight coat with grease prior to install.



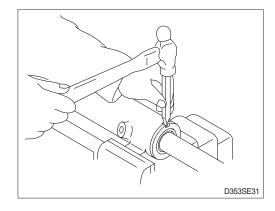
- (3) Install the dust wiper to the gland using a special installing tool. Coat the dust wiper with grease slightly before installing.
- (4) Set a special tool the cylinder, gland assembly into the cylinder tube.



(5) Using a hook spanner, install the gland assembly, and tighten it with torque 60 ± 6 kgf \cdot m (434 \pm 43.4 lbf \cdot ft).



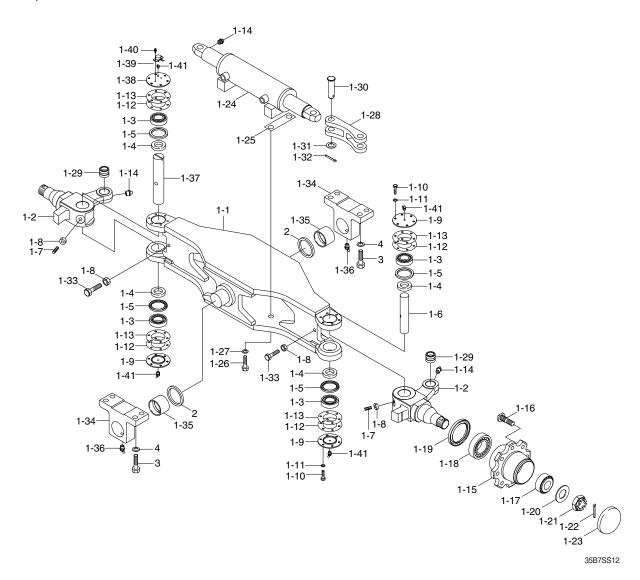
- (6) After the gland assembly was installed to the cylinder tube, calk at the tube end into the groove on the gland to prevent screw loosening.
- If it need calking again, never using previous calking position.



- (7) Move the piston rod back and forth several times for the full distance of its stroke. This helps to seat the ring and seals before applying full hydraulic pressure to the cylinder.
- (8) Install cylinder into steering axle.
- (9) While idling the engine with the rear wheels off the ground, operate the steering wheel left and right alternately.
- * Then, repeat the above operation at gradually increasing engine rpm. This releases air from the system and completes preparation for operation.
- (10) Stop the engine, lower the floating rear wheels, and check pump joints for oil leaks and looseness and retighten, them as required.

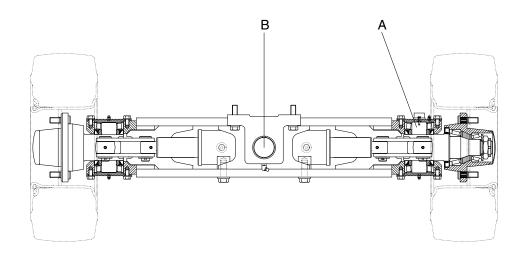
3. STEERING AXLE

1) STRUCTURE



Steering axle WA	1-16	Wheel holt	1-31	Special washer
•	_			•
Knuckie	1-17	raper roller bearing	1-32	Split pin
Taper roller bearing	1-18	Taper roller bearing	1-33	Hex bolt
Spacer	1-19	Oil seal	1-34	Support
Oil seal	1-20	Plain washer	1-35	Bushing
King pin-LH	1-21	Slotted nut	1-36	Grease nipple
Set screw	1-22	Split pin	1-37	King pin-RH
Hex nut	1-23	Hub cap	1-38	Cover-RH
Cover	1-24	Steering cylinder	1-39	Potentiometer assy
Hex bolt	1-25	Shim (0.2t)	1-40	Screw
Hardened washer	1-26	Hex bolt	1-41	Grease nipple
Shim (0.1t)	1-27	Hardened washer	2	Shim (0.5t)
Shim (0.5t)	1-28	Steering link	3	Hex bolt
Grease nipple	1-29	Bushing	4	Hardened washer
Hub	1-30	Link pin		
	Spacer Oil seal King pin-LH Set screw Hex nut	Knuckle 1-17 Taper roller bearing 1-18 Spacer 1-19 Oil seal 1-20 King pin-LH 1-21 Set screw 1-22 Hex nut 1-23 Cover 1-24 Hex bolt 1-25 Hardened washer 1-26 Shim (0.1t) 1-27 Shim (0.5t) 1-28 Grease nipple 1-29	Knuckle 1-17 Taper roller bearing Taper roller bearing 1-18 Taper roller bearing Spacer 1-19 Oil seal Oil seal 1-20 Plain washer King pin-LH 1-21 Slotted nut Set screw 1-22 Split pin Hex nut 1-23 Hub cap Cover 1-24 Steering cylinder Hex bolt 1-25 Shim (0.2t) Hardened washer 1-26 Hex bolt Shim (0.1t) 1-27 Hardened washer Shim (0.5t) 1-28 Steering link Grease nipple 1-29 Bushing	Knuckle 1-17 Taper roller bearing 1-32 Taper roller bearing 1-18 Taper roller bearing 1-33 Spacer 1-19 Oil seal 1-34 Oil seal 1-20 Plain washer 1-35 King pin-LH 1-21 Slotted nut 1-36 Set screw 1-22 Split pin 1-37 Hex nut 1-23 Hub cap 1-38 Cover 1-24 Steering cylinder 1-39 Hex bolt 1-25 Shim (0.2t) 1-40 Hardened washer 1-26 Hex bolt 1-41 Shim (0.1t) 1-27 Hardened washer 2 Shim (0.5t) 1-28 Steering link 3 Grease nipple 1-29 Bushing 4

2) CHECK AND INSPECTION



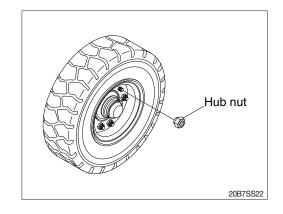
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mm(in)

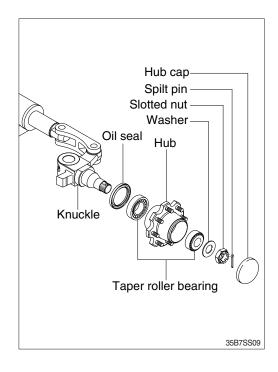
No.	Check item	Criteria		Domody
		Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
Α	Diameter of king pin	40 (1.57)	39.8 (1.56)	Replace
В	Diameter of center pin	55 (2.17)	54.5 (2.15)	Replace
-	Rear axle, hub, knuckle, bearing	Damage, wearSeizure, abnormal noise, defective rotation		Replace

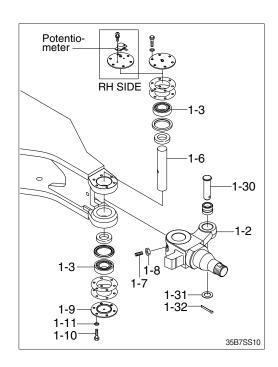
3) DISASSEMBLY

- * Servicing work on the knuckle part can be carried out without removing the axle assy from chassis.
 - The work can be done by jacking up the balance weight part of the truck.
- (1) Loosen the hub nut and take off the steering wheel.



- (2) Remove wheel cap.
- (3) Pull out split pin before removing slotted nut and washer.
- (4) Using the puller, take off the wheel hub together with the bearing.
- ** Be very careful because just before the hub comes off, tapered roller bearing will fall out.
- (5) After wheel hub is removed take off the inner race of bearing.
- (6) Pull out oil seal.
- * Don't use same oil seal twice.
- (7) Repeat the same procedure for the other side. Moreover, when disassembling is completed, part the slotted nut in the knuckle to protect the threaded portion.
- (8) Loosen set screw (1-7) and hexagon nut (1-8).
- (9) Remove bolt (1-10), washer (1-11) and lower cover (1-9).
- (10) Push out the king pin (1-6) without damaging the knuckle (1-2).
- (11) Pull out the taper roller bearing (1-3).
- (12) Remove spilt pin (1-32), special washer (1-31) and then pull out link pin (1-30).
- (13) Remove knuckle (1-2).





4) ASSEMBLY

** In reassembling, have all parts washed, grease applied to lubricating parts, and all expendable items such as oil seal and spring washers replaced by new ones.

Perform the disassembly in reverse order.

- (1) Tighten the set screw (1-7) and hexagon nut (1-8) of king pin.
- * There is a notch in the middle of the king pin (1-6), make sure that this notch is on the set screw side.
- (2) Always use drive-in tool. In assembling the taper roller bearing (1-3), be sure that the fixed ring of the bearing is placed in position facing the knuckle (1-2).

(3) Wheel hub

- Mount oil seal (1-19) and inner race of tapered roller bearing (1-18) on the knuckle (1-2). The bearing should be well greased before assembling.
- Install the outer race of the bearing (1-17) in the wheel center and assemble to the knuckle (1-2).
- Tighten nut (1-21) and lock with split pin (1-22).
 In locking with split pin, locate the hole for the split pin by turning the nut back 1/6 of a turn.
 Adjust the preload of bearing.
- Mount the hub cap (1-23).
 Bearing should be well greased before assembling.

